
CONSULTATION ON DRAFT STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY GAMBLING ACT 2005

1 SUMMARY

- 1.1 This report details the response to consultation on the Council's draft policy for gambling that was carried out between 1 July 2012 and 30 September 2012.
- 1.2 It proposes no changes to the original draft and seeks Members' approval for placing before Council on 18 December 2012.
- 1.3 It also seeks Members' recommendations to Council on the question of whether or not the Licensing Authority should exercise its discretion to resolve not to issue casino licences.

2 INTRODUCTION

- 2.1 Section 349 of the Gambling Act 2005 requires the Council to determine and to publish its licensing policy in respect of each 3-year period commencing on 3 January 2007.
- 2.2 The Act requires the Council to keep the policy under review throughout each period and to revise it as necessary. Prior to making any changes, or in advance of a new 3-year period, the Council must carry out a consultative process with Responsible Authorities defined by the Act and others who the Authority considers would have an interest in the policy.
- 2.3 The draft reviewed policy was considered and approved for consultation by the Licensing Committee on 3 April 2012 (appendix A). The policy was circulated for consultation to those identified in the report (appendix B) and was displayed at local libraries and Council offices. In addition, the draft policy was published on the Council's website.

3 RESPONSE TO CONSULTATION

- 3.1 No response has been received from any of the Responsible Authorities or any of the interested parties.

4 RISK IMPLICATIONS

Strategic Risk

- 4.1 There is a statutory obligation for the statement of licensing policy (Gambling Act 2005) to be published.

Reputation Risk

- 4.2 If successfully challenged on the content of the policy, the Council's reputation would be harmed.

Regulatory Risk

- 4.3 The Committee is bound by the provisions of the Act, the statutory guidance issued by the Gambling Commission and its own statement of licensing policy (Gambling Act 2005) in administration of the licensing regime and in determining licensing issues. The Council cannot permit a situation to arise whereby its policy has not been approved by Full Council.

5 LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 5.1 There may be a potential for decisions made in determining licensing applications to become subject of judicial review or appeal if the statement of licensing policy has neither been approved by Full Council nor published.

6 RECOMMENDATION

It is proposed that the Committee **RECOMMENDS TO COUNCIL**

- (i) That Council passes a “no casino” resolution and that this be inserted into the Statement of Licensing Policy Gambling Act 2005.
- (ii) That Council approves and adopts the amended Statement of Licensing Policy Gambling Act 2005 that will be applied in exercising functions under the Gambling Act 2005 for the three-year period commencing on 3 January 2013.

Richard Evans

Head of Environmental Services

Background Papers:-

None.

For further information please contact Peter Nellies (Senior Licensing Officer) on: -

Phone: 01702 318058

Email: peter.nellies@rochford.gov.uk

If you would like this report in large print, Braille or another language please contact 01702 318111.

Statement of Licensing Policy Gambling Act 2005

**For period 31 January 2013 to
30 January 2016**

Preface

This is the third statement of principles, which is known in this District as the Statement of Licensing Policy (Gambling Act 2005), that the council offers for consultation in accordance with the requirements of section 349 of the Gambling Act 2005.

This statement sets out the principles that the council, as the licensing authority for the Rochford District, will apply in carrying out its licensing functions for the 3-year period commencing 31 January 2013.

This statement was drafted in accordance with the requirements of the Gambling Act 2005 and regulations issued under it and in consideration of the Guidance to Licensing Authorities dated May 2009 and relevant Codes of Practice issued by the Gambling Commission.

The Licensing Authority has published appendices to this Statement of Licensing Policy setting out general information and guidance on the various requirements in respect of making applications, the fees payable, making representations, hearings and reviews. The appendices were prepared subject to the Act, guidance and regulations current at the time. They may be amended from time to time and should not be taken as law and readers are advised to seek legal advice where appropriate.

The Gambling Act 2005 gives the Council discretion as to the question of issuing casino premise licences and provides that it may pass a resolution not to issue those licences during each 3-year period the Statement of Licensing Policy has effect. Where the Council passes such a resolution, that fact must be published within the Statement of Licensing Policy.

During the consultation on its proposed policy, the Council specifically invited comments in respect of the question of issuing casino premises licences. No responses were received.

At its meeting on 15 December 2012 the Council, having not received any responses to the consultation process, passed a resolution not to issue casino premises licences and approved its Statement of Licensing Policy (Gambling) accordingly.

- the Human Rights Act 1998;
- the Freedom of Information 2000;
- the Environmental Information Regulations 2004;
- the Common Law Duty of Confidence;
- the Electronic Communications Act 2000
- Computer Misuse Act 1990
- Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998.

2.53 Exchanges of information will be conducted in a timely and accurate fashion and confirmed in writing in all cases to form an audit trail of:

- record of data disclosed;
- project chronology; and
- notes of the meeting with other partners and recent correspondence from phone calls.

Licensing Register

2.54 The Licensing Authority is required to keep a public register and share information in it with the Gambling Commission and others. Regulations prescribe what information should be kept in the register. Copies of the register may be obtained on payment of a fee.

Enforcement

2.55 In exercising its functions with regard to the inspection of premises and to instituting criminal proceedings in respect of offences specified, the Licensing Authority will follow best practice as promulgated by the Better Regulation Executive and the Hampton/McCory Reviews will endeavour to be:

- Proportionate – intervention will only be when necessary. Remedies should be appropriate to the risk posed and costs identified and minimised.
- Accountable – authorities must be able to justify decisions and be subject to public scrutiny.
- Consistent – rules and standards must be joined up and implemented fairly.
- Transparent – enforcement should be open and keep regulations simple and user friendly.
- Targeted – enforcement should be focused on the problems and minimise side effects.

- 2.56 The Licensing Authority will endeavour to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, so far as is possible and adopt a risk based inspection programme.
- 2.57 Where a single point of contact has been supplied by the operator of a number of premises within Rochford District, the Authority will endeavour to contact that person first in respect of any enforcement issues that might arise.
- 2.58 The main enforcement and compliance role of the Licensing Authority in terms of the Gambling Act 2005 is to ensure compliance with the Premises Licences, Permits and Registrations that it issues.
- 2.59 The Gambling Commission is the enforcement body for Operator and Personal Licences and for concerns about the manufacture, supply or repair of gaming machines.
- 2.60 The Licensing Authority will keep itself informed of developments as regards the work of the Better Regulation Executive in its consideration of the regulatory functions of Local Authorities.
- 2.61 The Licensing Authority's enforcement/compliance protocols and written agreements and details of the risk-based approach to inspection will be available by contacting the Licensing Section, Rochford District Council, 3-19 South Street, Rochford, SS4 1BW, telephone 01702 318036/58 or by email to: **licensing@rochford.gov.uk**

3 Premises Licences

- 3.1 Premises Licences will be subject to the permissions/restrictions set out in the Gambling Act 2005 and Regulations, as well as specific mandatory and default conditions detailed in regulations issued by the Secretary of State. Licensing Authorities are able to exclude default conditions or to attach others, where it is thought appropriate.
- 3.2 Licensing Authorities are required by the Gambling Act to aim to permit the use of premises for gambling so far as it thinks it is:
- in accordance with any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission;
 - in accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
 - reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives; and
 - in accordance with the Authority's Statement of Licensing Principles.

Definition of Premises

- 3.3 A premise is defined in the Act as "any place". It is for the Licensing Authority to decide whether different parts of the building can be properly regarded as being separate premises which will always be a question of fact in the circumstances that will be considered in light of guidance issued by the Gambling Commission.
- 3.4 The Authority does not consider that areas of a building that are artificially or temporarily separate can be properly regarded as different premises.
- 3.5 Where applications are submitted for multiple licences for a building or for a specific part of a building to be licensed, the Authority expects that entrances and exits from a part or parts of a building covered by one or more licences should be separate and identifiable. This is to ensure a separation of different premises and that people do not 'drift' into a gambling area from another area that is not.
- 3.6 The Licensing Authority will pay particular attention to applications where access to the licensed premises is through other premises, which themselves may be licensed or unlicensed, and will consider, for example, whether children can gain access; compatibility of the two establishments; and ability to comply with the requirements of the Act.
- 3.7 In addition an overriding consideration will be whether, taken as a whole, the co-location of the licensed premises with other facilities has the effect of creating an arrangement that otherwise would or should be prohibited under the Act.

Duplication with other Regulatory Regimes

3.8 Duplication with other statutory/ regulatory regimes will be avoided where possible. This Authority will not consider whether a licence application is likely to be awarded Planning or Building Control consent, in its consideration of it.

Premise Licence Conditions

3.9 Any conditions attached to premises licences will be proportionate and will be:

- relevant to the need to make the proposed building suitable as a gambling facility;
- directly related to the premises and the type of licence applied for;
- fairly and reasonably related to the scale and type of premises; and
- reasonable in all other respects.

3.10 Decisions upon individual conditions will be made on a case-by-case basis. Consideration will be given to using control measures, such as the use of door supervisors, supervision of adult gaming machines, appropriate signage for adult only areas, etc. should there be a perceived need. Applicants will also be expected to offer their own suggestions as to the way in which the licensing objectives can be effectively met.

3.11 The Licensing Authority will not refuse an application for a premises licence where relevant objections can be dealt with by use of appropriate conditions.

3.12 For buildings subject to multiple premises licences, the Licensing Authority will consider specific measures that may be required, such as:

- the supervision of entrances;
- segregation of gambling from non-gambling areas frequented by children; and
- the supervision of gaming machines in non-adult gambling specific premises in order to pursue the licensing objectives.

3.13 It is noted that the Licensing Authority cannot attach conditions to premises licences that:

- makes it impossible to comply with an Operating Licence condition;
- relate to gaming machine categories, numbers or method of operation;
- provide that membership of a club or body be required;
- relate to stakes, fees or winning of prizes.

Provisional Statements

- 3.14 The Licensing Authority must not have regard to whether or not a proposal by the applicant is likely to be permitted in accordance with Planning or Building Law.

Casinos

- 3.15 As provided by section 166 of the Gambling Act 2005, the Licensing Authority has resolved not to issue casino premise licences for the 3-year duration of this policy.
- 3.16 This decision was taken following consideration of the current regulations in respect of casino licences, the government criteria for authorities to issue such licences and responses to the consultation process carried out in preparation of this policy.
- 3.17 This matter will continue to be reviewed as part of the on-going review process of the Statement of Licensing Policy.

Casinos and Competitive Bidding

- 3.18 The Licensing Authority is aware that where a licensing authority area is enabled to grant a premises licence for a new style casino there are likely to be a number of operators which will want to run a casino.
- 3.19 If such situations arise in the future, this Authority will run a competition in line with Regulations and Codes of Practice issued under the Gambling Act 2005 by the Secretary of State.

Bingo Premises

- 3.20 Bingo premises are not generally age-restricted, although certain areas within them may be, e.g. where machines of category C or above are situated.
- 3.21 The Licensing Authority will consider any further guidance to be issued by the Gambling Commission in relation to the suitability and layout of bingo premises.

Door Supervisors

- 3.22 The Licensing Authority requires any person employed at a casino or bingo premises as a door supervisor to hold the BIIAB Level 2 National Certificate for Door Supervisors or an approved qualification accredited by the Department for Culture, Media & Sport.

Credit and Cash Dispensers

- 3.23 Credit facilities are prohibited from being provided.
- 3.24 Cash machines may be installed in licensed premises but the Licensing Authority may apply conditions on their siting where they are installed in casinos or bingo premises.

Betting Offices and Machines

- 3.25 The Licensing Authority can restrict the number of betting machines, their nature and the circumstances in which they are made available by attaching a licence condition to a Betting Premises Licence or, where applicable, to a Casino Premises Licence.
- 3.26 When considering whether to impose a condition to restrict the number of betting machines in particular premises, the Licensing Authority will consider:
- each application its own merit;
 - the size of the premises;
 - the number of counter positions available for person to person transactions;
 - the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons or by vulnerable persons:
 - evidence that such machines have been or are likely to be used in breach of licensing objectives;
 - the relevant Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Gambling Act 2005 by the Secretary of State.
- 3.27 In addition, details of GAMCARE and the facilities offered, will be included in the appendices to the policy, on the Council's website and also made available in Council reception areas.

Tracks

- 3.28 Tracks may be subject to one or more than one premises licence, provided each licence relates to a specified area of the track.
- 3.29 The licensing authority will consider the need to ensure that entrances to each type of premises are distinct and that children are prevented from entering gambling areas where they are not permitted.

Adult Gaming Centres and Family Entertainment Centres

- 3.30 The Licensing Authority will consider the need to apply appropriate conditions in respect of delineating any area containing category C machines from other forms of amusement.

Representations and Reviews

- 3.31 Responsible Authorities (including the Licensing Authority) and Interested Parties may make representations in respect of applications for the grant or variation of a premise's licences and may apply for review of a premises licence.
- 3.32 For the purposes of exercising the Licensing Authority's discretion, the persons authorised to make representations and apply for reviews of a premises licence are:
- Members of the Licensing Authority, other than Members of the Licensing Committee, and
 - the staff of the Council's Licensing Unit.
- 3.33 The Licensing Authority may determine that a representation:
- is frivolous or vexatious,
 - will certainly not influence the Authority's determination of the application or review or wish to alter/revoke/suspend the licence.
- 3.34 The Licensing Authority may reject an application for review of a premises licence if they determine the grounds for the review:
- do not raise a relevant issue to the principles contained in paragraphs 2.1 – 2.10 above;
 - are frivolous or vexatious;
 - will certainly not cause the Authority to alter/revoke/suspend the licence;
 - are substantially the same as representations made in respect of the application for the premises licence.
- 3.35 There is no appeal against the Authority's determination of the relevance of a representation or an application for review.
- 3.36 Appendix E contains further information on making representations and applying for reviews of premise's licences.

Travelling Fairs

- 3.37 It will fall to this Licensing Authority to decide if the statutory requirements that the facilities for gambling amount to no more than an ancillary amusement at the fair is met where Category D machines and/or equal chance prize gaming without a permit is to be made available for use at travelling fairs.
- 3.38 The Licensing Authority will also consider if the applicant falls within the statutory definition of a travelling fair.

- 3.39 It should be noted that the statutory maximum of 27 days for the land being used as a fair is per calendar year and that it applies to the piece of land on which the fairs are held regardless of whether or not it is the same travelling fair occupying the land.
- 3.40 Where the 27-day statutory limit is exceeded, a TUN will have to be issued or Premises Licence applied for, as appropriate.
- 3.41 This Licensing Authority will work with our neighbouring authorities to ensure that land that crosses our boundaries is monitored so that the statutory limits are not exceeded.

4 Gaming Machine Permits

Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre Gaming Machine Permits

- 4.1 A premises licence is unnecessary in respect of premises where gaming machines of category D only are to be provided. In such cases an application may be made to the Licensing Authority for a permit but the Authority has to be satisfied that the premises will be wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available for use.
- 4.2 The Licensing Authority may refuse an application for renewal of a permit only on the grounds that an authorised local authority officer has been refused access to the premises without reasonable excuse, or that renewal would not be reasonably consistent with the pursuit of the licensing objectives.
- 4.3 Where the Licensing Authority intend to refuse an application, the applicant will be given the opportunity to make written or oral representations or both. A hearing will be held before the Licensing Sub-Committee for this purpose, unless all parties agree that it is unnecessary.

Statement of Principles

- 4.4 The Licensing Authority will specifically have regard to those matters contained within section 2, paragraph 2.43–2.46 concerning matters to be considered in licensing of premises.
- 4.5 The Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to show that there are written policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations.
- 4.6 The efficiency of such policies and procedures will be considered on their merits and may, for example, include such measures as:
- CRB checks for staff;
 - staff training in how to deal with suspected truant school children, or unsupervised, very young children on the premises, or children causing perceived problems on/around the premises.
- 4.7 The licensing authority will also expect that:
- applicants demonstrate a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes of the gambling that is permissible in unlicensed FEC's;
 - the applicant has no relevant convictions (those that are set out in Schedule 7 of the Act); and
 - staff is trained to have a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes.
- 4.8 Appendix H contains further information on unlicensed family entertainment centres, the application process and additional documentation the Licensing Authority requires in determining the application.

(Alcohol) Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits

- 4.9 A permit under this section cannot be issued in respect of premises for which a premises licence under the Gambling Act 2005 has been granted.
- 4.10 The holder of a premises licence under the Licensing Act 2003 that authorises the sale and consumption of alcohol on premises, which contain a bar at which alcohol is served but without the requirement that food is also served, is automatically entitled to operate two gaming machines of categories C or D.
- 4.11 In order to do so they must first notify the Licensing Authority of their intention to do so and pay the prescribed fee.
- 4.12 It should be noted that those restaurants that did not seek to remove the restriction on the sale of alcohol with food that applied if they had a restaurant licence under the Licensing Act 1964, will not qualify to an automatic entitlement to gaming machines.
- 4.13 Where a permit has been issued under section 34 of the Gaming Act 1968, the licence-holder must notify the Licensing Authority at least 2 months prior to its date of expiry.
- 4.14 The Licensing Authority may issue licensed-premises gaming machine permits authorising the use of any number of categories C or D machines. In determining an application for an increase in the number of machines, the Licensing Authority will consider:
- the size of the premises;
 - the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons or by vulnerable persons;
 - any documentary evidence, e.g. supporting statistical evidence providing details of usage, etc.;
 - each application on its own merits;
 - the Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Gambling Act 2005.
- 4.15 Once issued there is no requirement to renew a permit. An annual fee has to be paid.
- 4.16 Where the Licensing Authority intend to refuse an application, or grant it for a different number or category of machines to that requested, the applicant will be given the opportunity to make written or oral representations or both. A hearing will be held before the Licensing Sub-Committee for this purpose, unless all parties agree that it is unnecessary.
- 4.17 The Licensing Authority may consider removing the automatic entitlement for a permit if:
- provision of the machines is not reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives;
 - gaming has taken place on the premises that breaches a condition of the Act, e.g. machines have been made available other than in a way that complies with requirements concerning their location and operation;

- the premises are mainly used for gaming;
- an offence under the Gambling Act 2005 has been committed on the premises.

4.18 Where the Licensing Authority consider exercising their powers to remove the entitlement, the permit-holder must be given the opportunity to make written or oral representations or both. A hearing will be held before the Licensing Sub-Committee for this purpose, unless all parties agree that it is unnecessary.

4.19 Appendix H contains further information on gaming machines in alcohol-licensed premises, the application process and additional documentation the Licensing Authority requires in determining the application.

Prize Gaming Permits

4.20 Prize gaming is gaming in which the nature and size of the prize is not determined by the number of players or the amount paid or raised by the gaming, the prizes having been determined before play commences, e.g. bingo with non-cash prizes. (Note: bingo with cash prizes and that carried on in commercial bingo halls will need to be licensed by the Gambling Commission.)

4.21 Prize gaming may be carried on in premises under a permit issued by the Licensing Authority.

4.22 The Licensing Authority may refuse an application on the grounds that its grant or renewal would not be reasonably consistent with the pursuit of the licensing objectives.

4.23 In determining an application, the Licensing Authority need not have regard to the licensing objectives but must have regard to any Gambling Commission guidance.

4.24 Where the Licensing Authority intend to refuse an application, the applicant will be given the opportunity to make written or oral representations or both. A hearing will be held before the Licensing Sub-Committee for this purpose, unless all parties agree that it is unnecessary.

Statement of Principles

4.25 The Licensing Authority will specifically have regard to those matters contained within section 2, paragraph 2.43–2.46 concerning matters to be considered in licensing of premises.

4.26 The Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to show that there are written policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations.

4.27 The efficiency of such policies and procedures will be considered on their merits and may, for example, include such measures as:

- CRB checks for staff;
- staff training in how to deal with suspected truant school children, or unsupervised, very young children on the premises, or children causing perceived problems on/around the premises.

4.28 The Licensing Authority also expects that applicants:

- set out the type/s of gaming that it is intended to be offered;
- demonstrate a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes of the gaming that is permitted, and that staff receive appropriate training in relation to those matters;
- have no relevant convictions (those that are set out in Schedule 7 of the Act).

4.29 Appendix H contains further information on prize gaming, the application process and additional documentation the Licensing Authority requires in determining the application.

Club Gaming and Club Machine Permits

Members' Clubs and Miners' Welfare Institutes

4.30 Members' Clubs and Miner's Welfare Institutes may apply for either a Club Gaming Permit or Club Gaming Machine Permit.

4.31 Club Gaming Permits authorise the provision of equal-chance gaming, games of chance and a maximum of 3 gaming machines of category B4, C or D, equal chance gaming and other games of chance (as prescribed in regulations).

4.32 A Club Gaming Machine Permit enables the premises to provide a maximum of 3 gaming machines only, of category B, C or D.

Commercial Clubs

4.33 Commercial or proprietary clubs may only apply for a Club Gaming Machine Permit enabling the premises to provide a maximum of 3 gaming machines only, of category B, C or D.

4.34 Premises that have work-based members' social clubs, but which may not be licensed to sell or supply alcohol, may apply for a permit. This type of premises includes, for example, those where machines are sited in works' canteens.

4.35 Before granting a permit to premises described in the preceding paragraph, the Licensing Authority will need to be satisfied that the premises meet the requirements of a members' club and that the majority of members are over 18 years of age.

4.36 Both categories of permits have effect for 10 years. An annual fee has to be paid on the anniversary of the permit's grant.

4.37 Appendix H contains further information on gaming in club premises, the application process and additional documentation the Licensing Authority requires in determining the application.

5 Temporary and Occasional Use Notices

Temporary Use Notices (TUN's)

- 5.1 A TUN may only be granted to a person or company holding an operating licence relevant to the temporary use of the premises.
- 5.2 The type of activity for which a TUN may be issued is determined by the Secretary of State. Currently, a TUN may only be issued in respect of Equal Chance Gaming.
- 5.3 A set of premises is the subject of a TUN if any part of the premises is the subject of the notice. This prevents one large premise from having a TUN in effect for more than 21 days per year by giving a notice in respect to different parts.
- 5.4 In considering whether a place falls within the definition of "a set of premises", the Licensing Authorities will consider, amongst other things, the ownership/ occupation and control of the premises.
- 5.5 The Licensing Authority will object to notices where it appears that their effect would be to permit regular gambling in a place that could be described as one set of premises.
- 5.6 Appendix G contains further information on these notices

Occasional Use Notices (OUN's)

- 5.7 OUN's apply only to tracks, which can be any part of a premise on which a race or other sporting event takes place or is intended to take place. Tracks need not be a permanent fixture.
- 5.8 OUN's are intended to permit licensed betting operators who have the appropriate permission of the Gambling Commission to use tracks for short periods for conducting betting. The OUN dispenses with the need for a betting premises licence for the track.
- 5.9 The Licensing Authority has very little discretion as regards these notices, aside from ensuring that the statutory limit of 8 days in a calendar year is not exceeded.
- 5.10 The Licensing Authority will, however, consider the definition of a "track" and whether the applicant is permitted to avail him/herself of the notice.
- 5.11 Appendix G contains further information on these notices.

6 Lotteries

- 6.1 A lottery is unlawful unless it is run in accordance with an Operating Licence issued by the Gambling Commission, or is exempt from such a licence.
- 6.2 There are 4 types of exempt lottery: -
- An Incidental Non – commercial Lottery
 - A Private Lottery
 - A Customer Lottery
 - A Small Society Lottery
- 6.3 A Small Society Lottery must be registered with the Licensing Authority.
- 6.4 Local authorities may promote a lottery for the benefit of the community under an operating licence issued by the Gambling Commission.
- 6.5 Appendix K contains further information concerning lotteries, generally, and requirements for registration.

Appendix B - Consultees

Responsibility in Gambling Trust
The Blackfriars Foundry
156 Blackfriars Road
London
SE1 8EN
Email: enquiries@rigt.org.uk

GamCare Ltd
2/3 Baden Place
Crosby Row
London
SE1 1YW
Email: info@gamcare.org.uk

BALPPA (The British Association of Leisure Parks, Piers & Attractions Ltd)
BALPPA House
Suite 12,
37 Tanner Street,
London,
SE1 3LF
Email: balppa5@btconnect.com

BBPA
Market Towers
1 Nine Elms Lane
London
SW8 5NQ
Email: clerk@brewershall.co.uk

Association of British Bookmakers Ltd
Norris House
4 Norris Street
London
SW1Y 4RJ
Email: mail@abb.uk.com

BACTA
Alders House
133 Aldersgate Street
London
EC1A 4JA
Email: info@bacta.org.uk

Rochford & Rayleigh C A B
Back Lane
Rochford
Essex
SS4 1AY

Castle Point & Rochford PCT
12 Castle Road
Rayleigh
Essex
SS6 7QF

Ladbrokes Betting & Gaming Ltd
Imperial House
Imperial Drive
Rayners Lane
Harrow
Middlesex
HA2 7JW
Email; caroline.beel@ladbrokes.co.uk

Coral Racing Ltd
Glebe House
Vicarage Drive
Barking
Essex
IG11 7NS
Email: Tony.lovell@galacoral.com

William Hill Organisation Ltd
Greenside House
50 Station Road
Wood Green
London
N22 7TP
Email: cbute@williamhill.co.uk

Tote Bookmakers Ltd
Douglas House
Chapel Street
Wigan
WN3 4HS
Email: pruocco@tote.co.uk

Betfred
Spectrum
56-58 Benson Road
Birchwood
Warrington
WA3 7PQ
Email: mark.stebbing@betfred.com

Churches Together
27 Tavistock Square
London
SE1 6BN
Email: office@cte.org.uk

Moral & Social Issues Council
The Salvation Army
101 Newington Causeway
London
SE1 6BN
Email: comments@salvationarmy.org.uk

Essex Leisure Ltd
Essex House
21 Eastways
Witham
Essex
CM8 3YQ
Email: sales@essexleisure.co.uk

Leisure Link Ltd
3 The Maltings
Wetmore Road
Burton On Trent
Staffs
DE14 1SE
Email: enquiries@ingg.com

Claremont Automatics Ltd
Fitch Industrial Estate
Great Dunmow
Essex
CM6 1XJ
Email: keith.saunders@claremont-automatics.co.uk

Her Majesty's Commissioners of Customs and Excise
Greenock Accounting Centre
Custom House
Custom House Quay
Greenock
PA15 1EQ
Email: nrubetting&gaming@hmrc.gsi.gov.uk

Gambling Commission
Victoria Square House
Victoria Square
Birmingham
B2 4BP
Email: info@gamblingcommission.gov.uk

Head of Child Protection
(Licensing Applications)
Essex County Council
PO Box 297
Chelmsford
Essex
CM1 1YS
Email: licenceapplications@essexcc.gov.uk

Chief Fire Officer
Southend & Rochford Community Command Team
R/o Fire Station
Sutton Road
Southend on Sea
Essex
SS2 5PX
Email: sr.command@essex-fire.gov.uk

Chief Officer of Police
Licensing Unit
Westcliff Police Station
Claremont Road
Westcliff on Sea
Essex
SS0 7DX
Email: southendlicensing@essex.pnn.police.uk

Head of Planning & Transportation Services
Rochford District Council
3 – 19 South Street
Rochford
Essex
SS4 1BW:
Email: Planning Admin

Environmental Health Manager
Rochford District Council
3 – 19 South Street
Rochford
Essex
SS4 1BW
Email: Environmental Protection

Parish Councils